Barium CAS 7440-39-3

Test Organisms:

Dog (Omnivore, Order-Carnivora)

Exposure Medium:

Oral FEL

Test Endpoint:

LD-100

Reference:

Venugopal, B., and T.D. Luckey, 1978, The Toxicity of Metals in Mammals,

Plenum Press, New York.

QCE:

59 mg/kg-day

Adjustment Factors (AF)				Justification for adjustment factor
R	1	2	3	 R = 1 is AF for same order and trophic level R = 2 is AF for different order and same trophic level R = 3 is AF for different order and trophic level
I	3	3	3	No information (secondary source)
Q_{i}	1	1	1	Endpoint expected to be ecologically significant (mortality).
Q_2	3	3	3	Acute study
Q_3	3	3	3	Lethal endpoint
U	3	3	3	Acute study; no other information (secondary source)
Total AF	81	162	243	$R * I * Q_1 * Q_2 * Q_3 * U = Total AF$
QCE (mg/kg-day)	59	59	59	QCE - quantified critical endpoint
TRV	0.73	0.36	0.24	Toxicity Reference Value - QCE/Total AF

R Value	TRV (mg/kg-day)	Justification	Appropriate Functional Group
1	0.73	Test organism is in the same order and trophic level as the functional group members	M422A
2	0.36	Test organism is in a different order and same trophic level from the functional group members	M422
3	0.24	Test organism is in a different order and trophic level from the functional group members	M121, M122, M122A, M123, M210, M210A, M222, M322

Barium CAS 7440-39-3

Test Organisms:

Rat (Omnivore, Order-Rodentia)

Exposure Medium: Test Endpoint:

Water NEL

Reference:

Perry, H.M. et al. 1989, "Hypertension and associated cardiovascular

abnormalities induced by chronic barium feeding," Journal of Toxicology and

Environmental Health, 28(3):373-388.

Kopp, S.J. et al. 1985, "Cardiovascular dysfunction and hypersensitivity to sodium pentobarbital induced by chronic barium chloride ingestion, <u>Toxicology</u>

and Applied Pharmacology, 77(23):303-314.

QCE:

35.6 mg/kg-day

(100 mg/L)*(0.015L/day)/0.45kg BW

Adjustment Factors (AF)				Justification for adjustment factor
R	1	2	3	R = 1 is AF for same order and trophic level
				R - 2 is AF for different order and same trophic level
				R = 3 is AF for different order and trophic level
I	1	1	1	Chronic toxicity studies with adequate numbers of animals
Qı	0.5	0.5	0.5	Although endpoint examined (increased blood pressure at higher doses) could occur in ecological receptors, the absence of any effects on growth and longevity at any dose argues against its ecological relevance. But at the NOAEL dose, no hypersensitivity was observed.
Q_2	1	1	1	Chronic study (16 months)
Q_3	1	1	1	NEL
U	1	1	1	Concordant results in several detailed studies
M	0.5	0.5	0.5	Soluble salt in the drinking water was used
Total AF	0.25	0.50	.075	$R * I * Q_1 * Q_2 * Q_3 * U*M = Total AF$
QCE (mg/kg-day)	35.6	35.6	35.6	QCE - quantified critical endpoint
TRV	142	71.2	47.5	Toxicity Reference Value - QCE/Total AF

R Value	TRV (mg/kg-day)	Justification	Appropriate Functional Group
1	142	Test organism is in the same order and trophic level as the functional group members	none
2	71.2	Test organism is in a different order and same trophic level from the functional group members	M422, M422A
3	47.5	Test organism is in a different order and trophic level from the functional group members	M121, M122, M122A, M132, M210, M210A, M222, M322

^{*}BW given by an earlier Perry article, ingestion rate specified in the article

^{**}note-10ppm had some adverse effects such as an increase in blood pressure and tissue concentration.

COPC: Barium Chloride CAS 10361-37-2

Test Organisms: Rat

Exposure Medium: Oral gavage
Test Endpoint: NOAEL

Reference: Borzelleca, J.F., Condie Jr., L.W. and J.L. Egle Jr., 1988, "Short-Term Toxicity

(One- and Ten-Day Gavage) of Barium Chloride in Male and Female Rats",

Journal of the American College of Toxicity 7(5): 675-685.

QCE: 209 mg/kg-day

Adjustment Factors (AF)				Justification for adjustment factor
R	1	2	3	 R = 1 is AF for same order and trophic level R = 2 is AF for different order and same trophic level R = 3 is AF for different order and trophic level
Ī	2	2	2	Groups of males and females (10 of each sex) were formed. 1 day study received deionized water (20 ml/kg body weight) and doses of 30, 100, and 300 mg/kg. 10 day study received the same water and doses of 100, 145, 209, and 300 mg/kg.
Q_i	1	1	1	Body weight and selected organs (brain, spleen, lungs, thymus, kidneys, and testes or ovaries) were measured.
Q_2	3	3	3	Short-term study (1 or 10 days)
Q_3	1	1	1	NOAEL
U	2	2	2	Good use of other supporting sources, no reproductive endpoints or sensitive life stages studied.
Total AF	12	24	36	$R * I * Q_1 * Q_2 * Q_3 * U = Total AF$
QCE (mg/kg-day)	209	209	209	QCE - quantified critical endpoint
TRV	17.4	8.71	5.81	Toxicity Reference Value - QCE/Total AF

R Value	TRV (mg/kg-day)	Justification	Appropriate Functional Group
1	17.4	Test organism is in the same order and trophic level as the functional group members	none
2	8.71	Test organism is in a different order and same trophic level from the functional group members	M422, M422A
3	5.81	Test organism is in a different order and trophic level from the functional group members	M121, M122, M122A, M132, M210, M210A, M222, M322

Benzo(a)anthracene (BaA) CAS 56-55-3

Test Organisms:

Mouse (Omnivore, Order-Rodentia)

Exposure Medium:

Oral (gavage solution)

Test Endpoint:

FEL

Reference:

Klein, M., 1963. "Susceptibility of strain B6AF/j hybrid infant mice to tumorigenesis with 1,2-benzoanthracene, deoxycholic acid, and 3-

methylcholanthrene," Cancer Research, 23:1701-1707.

QCE:

50 mg/kg-day

(22.5 mg/mouse-total)*(1 mouse/0.03125 kg

BW)*(total dose/15 days)

Adjustment Factors (AF)				Justification for adjustment factor	
R	1	2	3	R = 1 is AF for same order and trophic level R = 2 is AF for different order and same trophic level R = 3 is AF for different order and trophic level	
I	2	2	2	Infant males tested. No females tested.	
Q_1	0.1	0.1	0.1	Cancer endpoint	
Q_2	1	1	1	Long-term (547-day) study	
Q_3	3	3	3	FEL	
U	3	3	3	Statistical evaluation of data not reported.	
Total AF	1.8	3.6	5.4	$R * 1 * Q_1 * Q_2 * Q_3 * U$ = Total AF	
QCE (mg/kg-day)	50	50	50	QCE - quantified critical endpoint	
TRV	28	14	9.3	Toxicity Reference Value - QCE/Total AF	

R Value	TRV (mg/kg-day)	Justification	Appropriate Functional Group
1	28	Test organism is in the same order and trophic level as the functional group members	none
2	14	Test organism is in a different order and same trophic level from the functional group members	M422, M422A
3	9.3	Test organism is in a different order and trophic level from the functional group members	M121, M122, M122A, M132, M210, M210A, M222, M322

^{*22.5} specified in article

^{**}BW given in Dames and Moore Animal Data Table

^{***}Dose was given 3 days/week for 5 weeks = 15 days

Benzo(a)pyrene CAS 50-32-8

Test Organisms:

Mouse (Omnivore, Order-Rodentia)

Exposure Medium:

Oral (gavage)

Test Endpoint:

FEL

Reference:

Klein, M., 1963. "Susceptibility of Strain B6AF/j Hybrid Infant Mice to

Tumorigenesis with 1,2-Benxanthracene, deoxycyclic acid, and 3-

methylcholanthrene", Cancer Research, 23:1701-1707.

QCE:

500 mg/kg-day

Adjustment Factors (AF)				Justification for adjustment factor	
R	1	2	3	 R = 1 is AF for same order and trophic level R = 2 is AF for different order and same trophic level R = 3 is AF for different order and trophic level 	
1	2	2	2	Infant males tested.	
Q_1	0.1	0.1	0.1	Cancer endpoint	
Q_2	1	1	1	Chronic (547-day) study	
Q_3	3	3	3	FEL.	
U	3	3	3	Statistical evaluation of data not reported. Number of animals tested not reported.	
Total AF	1.8	3.6	5.4	$R * I * Q_1 * Q_2 * Q_3 * U = Total AF$	
QCE (mg/kg-day)	500	500	500	QCE - quantified critical endpoint	
TRV	278	139	92.6	Toxicity Reference Value - QCE/Total AF	

R Value	TRV (mg/kg-day)	Justification	Appropriate Functional Group
1	278	Test organism is in the same order and trophic level as the functional group members	none
2	139	Test organism is in a different order and same trophic level from the functional group members	M422, M422A
3	92.6	Test organism is in a different order and trophic level from the functional group members	M121, M122, M122A, M132, M210, M210A, M222, M322

Cadmium CAS 7440-43-9

Test Organisms:

Chicken (Omnivore, Order-Galliformes)

Exposure Medium:

Diet

Test Endpoint:

LOAEL Body weight gain, mortality

Reference:

Pritzel, M.C., Y.H. Lie, E.W. Kienholz, and C.E. Whiteman, 1974, The Effect of

Dietary Cadmium on the Development of Young Chickens, Poultry Sci.

53:2026-2029.

QCE:

29 mg/kg-day

(400mg/kg)*(0.11kg/day)/0.151 kg bw

Adjustment Factors (AF)				Justification for adjustment factor
R	1	2	3	R = 1 is AF for same order and trophic level R = 2 is AF for different order and same trophic level R = 3 is AF for different order and trophic level
I	2	2	2	Adequate numbers of males tested, 100
\mathbf{Q}_{f}	1	1	1	Endpoint ecologically relevant (growth, mortality).
Q_2	2	2	2	Subchronic study
Q_3	3	3	3	LOAEL endpoint, but mortality observed
U	3	3	3	No reproductive endpoints examined, however, sensitive life stage examined. High doses tested. Presence of zinc in diet may have influenced (decreased) cadmium toxicity. NOAEL not identified.
Total AF	36	72	108	$R * I * Q_1 * Q_2 * Q_3 * U = Total AF$
QCE (mg/kg-day)	29	29	29	QCE - quantified critical endpoint
TRV	0.81	0.40	0.27	Toxicity Reference Value - QCE/Total AF

R Value	TRV (mg/kg-day)	Justification	Appropriate Functional Group
1	0.81	Test organism is in the same order and trophic level as the functional group members	none
2	0.40	Test organism is in a different order and same trophic level from the functional group members	AV422, AV432, AV433,AV442
3	0.27	Test organism is in a different order and trophic level from the functional group members	AV121, AV122, AV132, AV142, AV143, AV210, AV210A, AV221, AV222, AV222A, AV232, AV233, AV241, AV242, AV310, AV322, AV333, AV342

^{*}Ingestion rate specified

^{**}BW estimated through the Rosomer article,1961.

Cadmium CAS 7440-43-9

Test Organisms:

Black Duck (Herbivore, Order-Anseriformes)

Exposure Medium: Test Endpoint:

Diet LOAEL

Reference:

Heinz, G.H. and Haseltine, S.D., 1983, "Altered Avoidance Behavior of Young Black Ducks Fed Cadmium". *Environ. Toxicol. Chem.* 2:419-421. As cited in

Eisler, 1985.

QCE:

0.14 mg/kg-day

(4 mg/kg)*(0.06 kg/day)/1.7 kg BW

Adjustment Factors (AF)				Justification for adjustment factor
R	1	2	3	R = 1 is AF for same order and trophic level R = 2 is AF for different order and same trophic level R = 3 is AF for different order and trophic level
I	1	1	1	Adequate numbers tested, males, females and juveniles given the doses.
\mathbf{Q}_1	1	1	1	Ecologically relevant endpoint (behavior).
Q_2	1	1	1	Chronic (90-day) exposure
Q_3	2	2	2	LOAEL endpoint
U	2	2	2	Reproductive endpoints and sensitive life stage examined, but only data given was on the flight response of the juveniles.
М	0.5	0.5	0.5	Cadmium chloride in the feed
Total AF	2	4	6	$R * I * Q_1 * Q_2 * Q_3 * U = Total AF$
QCE (mg/kg-day)	0.14	0.14	0.14	QCE = quantified critical endpoint
TRV	0.07	0.04	0.2	Toxicity Reference Value - QCE/Total AF

R Value	TRV (mg/kg-day)	Justification	Appropriate Functional Group
1	0.07	Test organism is in the same order and trophic level as the functional group members	AV142, AV143
2	0.04	Test organism is in a different order and same trophic level from the functional group members	AV121, AV122, AV132
3	0.02	Test organism is in a different order and trophic level from the functional group members	AV210, AV210A, AV221, AV222, AV222A, AV232, AV233, AV242, AV310, AV322, AV333, AV342, AV422, AV432, AV433, AV442

Cadmium CAS 7440-43-9

Test Organisms:

Rat (Omnivore, Order-Rodentia)

Exposure Medium: Test Endpoint:

Diet LOAEL

Reference:

Wills, J.H., Groblewski, G.E., Coulston, F., 1981, Chronic and Multigeneration Toxicities of Small Concentrations of Cadmium in the Diet of Rats, Ecotoxicol.

Environ. Safety. 5:452-464.

ATSDR, Agency for Toxic Substance Disease Registry, 1989, Toxicological

Profile for Cadmium, March, 1989.

QCE:

5.5 E-3 mg/kg-day

Specified

Adjustment Factors (AF) Justification for adjustment factor				
R	1	2	3	R = 1 is AF for same order and trophic level R = 2 is AF for different order and same trophic level R = 3 is AF for different order and trophic level
I	1	1	1	Adequate numbers of males females and juveniles tested.
Q_1	1	1	l	Ecologically relevant endpoint (growth, mortality).
Q_2	1	1	1	Chronic study
Q_3	2	2	2	LOAEL
U	1	1	1	Excellent design, four-generational study.
Total AF	2	4	6	$R * I * Q_1 * Q_2 * Q_3 * U = Total AF$
QCE (mg/kg-day)	5,5E-3	5.5E-3	5.5E-3	QCE - quantified critical endpoint
TRV	3E-3	1E-3	8E-4	Toxicity Reference Value - QCE/Total AF

R Value	TRV (mg/kg-day)	Justification	Appropriate Functional Group
1	3E-3	Test organism is in the same order and trophic level as the functional group members	none
2	1E-3	Test organism is in a different order and same trophic level from the functional group members	M422, M422A
3	8E-4	Test organism is in a different order and trophic level from the functional group members	M121, M122, M122A, M132, M210, M210A, M222, M322

Chromium(III) CAS 7440-47-3

Test Organisms:

Rat (Omnivore, Order-Rodentia)

Exposure Medium: Test Endpoint:

Diet NOAEL

Reference:

Ivankovic and Preussmann, 1975, Absence of Toxic and Carcinogenic Effects
After Administration of High Doses of Chromic Oxide Pigment in Subacute and

Long-Term Feeding Experiments in Rats, Food Cosmet, Toxicol., 13(3): 347-351.

QCE: 1500 mg/kg-day

1800 g/kg total dose consumed at highest dose rate, administered 5 days/week for 120 weeks (~840 days

total), corrected for % Cr.

Adjustment Factors (AF)				Justification for adjustment factor
R	1	2	3	R = 1 is AF for same order and trophic level R = 2 is AF for different order and same trophic level R = 3 is AF for different order and trophic level
I	1	1	1	Chronic toxicity study with adequate numbers of animals
Q_1	1	1	1	No endpoint affected (treatments had no effect on life expectancy, food consumption, growth rate, or cancer incidence).
Q_2	1	1	1	Chronic study
Q_3	1	1	1	NOAEL endpoint
U	2	2	2	Large chronic study
Total AF	2	4	6	$R * I * Q_1 * Q_2 * Q_3 * U = Total AF$
QCE (mg/kg-day)	1500	1500	1500	QCE - quantified critical endpoint
TRV	750	375	250	Toxicity Reference Value = QCE/Total AF

R Value	TRV (mg/kg-day)	Justification	Appropriate Functional Group
1	750	Test organism is in the same order and trophic level as the functional group members	none
2	375	Test organism is in a different order and same trophic level from the functional group members	M422, M422A
3	250	Test organism is in a different order and trophic level from the functional group members	M121, M122, M122A, M132, M210, M210A, M222, M322

Chromium (III) CAS 7440-47-3

Test Organisms:

Chicken (Omnivore, Order-Galliformes)

Exposure Medium: Test Endpoint:

Diet NOAEL

Reference:

Romoser, G.L., W.A. Dudley, L.J. Machlin, and L. Loveless, 1961, *Toxicity of Vanadium and Chromium for the Growing Chick*, Poultry Science, 40:1171-1173.

49 mg/kg-day

QCE:

Adjustment Factors (AF)				Justification for adjustment factor
R	1	2	3	 R = 1 is AF for same order and trophic level R = 2 is AF for different order and same trophic level R = 3 is AF for different order and trophic level
I	2	2	2	Primary source available
Q_i	1	1	1	Ecologically relevant endpoint (growth, mortality).
Q_2	2	2	2	Subchronic exposure duration
Q_3	1	1	1	NOAEL endpoint
υ	3	3	3	Old study, limited endpoints
Total AF	12	24	36	$R * I * Q_1 * Q_2 * Q_3 * U - Total AF$
QCE (mg/kg-day)	49	49	49	QCE - quantified critical endpoint
TRV	4.1	2.0	1.4	Toxicity Reference Value - QCE/Total AF

R Value	TRV (mg/kg-day)	Justification	Appropriate Functional Group	
1	4.1	Test organism is in the same order and trophic level as the functional group members	none	
2	2.0	Test organism is in a different order and same trophic level from the functional group members	AV422, AV432, AV433,AV442	
3	1.4	Test organism is in a different order and trophic level from the functional group members	AV121, AV122, AV132, AV142, AV143, AV210, AV210A, AV221, AV222, AV222A, AV232, AV233, AV241, AV242, AV310, AV322, AV333, AV342	

COPC: Chrysene CAS 218-01-9

Test Organisms: Mouse (Omnivore, Order-Rodentia)

Exposure Medium: Dermal **Test Endpoint**: LOAEL

Reference: Hecht, S.S., Bondinell, W.E., Hoffmann, D., 1974. "Chrysene and

methylchrysenes: Presence in tobacco smoke and carcinogenicity" J. Nat. Cancer

Inst., 53:1121-1133.

US Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Agency for

Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, 1990, Toxicological Profile for Chrysene,

March.

QCE: 1.2 mg/kg-day

Adjustment Factors (AF)	· ·		Justification for adjustment factor	
R	1	2	3	R = 1 is AF for same order and trophic level R = 2 is AF for different order and same trophic level R = 3 is AF for different order and trophic level
I	2	2	2	20 female Swiss mice (Ha/ICR/Mil).
Q_1	1	1	1	Endpoint of relevant ecological significance
Q_2	1	1	1	Chronic (Applied 3 times weekly for 17 months)
Q_3	2	2	2	LOAEL endpoint - benign and malignant skin tumors
U	3	3	3	Limited information supplied in ATSDR reference. No results of the control group or supporting data, dose estimated from topical application.
Total AF	12	24	36	$R * I * Q_1 * Q_2 * Q_3 * U = Total AF$
QCE (mg/kg-day)	1.2	1.2	1.2	QCE - quantified critical endpoint
TRV	0.10	0.05	0.03	Toxicity Reference Value - QCE/Total AF

R Value	TRV (mg/kg-day)	Justification	Appropriate Functional Group
1	0.10	Test organism is in the same order and trophic level as the functional group members	none
2	0.05	Test organism is in a different order and same trophic level from the functional group members	M422, M422A
3	0.03	Test organism is in a different order and trophic level from the functional group members	M121, M122, M122A, M132, M210, M210A, M222, M322

COPC: Cobalt (cobalt chloride) CAS 7440-48-4

Test Organisms: Chicken (Omnivore, Order-Galliformes)

Exposure Medium: Die

Test Endpoint: LOAEL Increased mortality associated with S. gallinarium

infection

Reference: Hill, C.H., 1979, "The effect of dietary protein levels on mineral toxicity in

chicks," Journal of Nutrition, 109:501-507.

QCE: 10.2 mg/kg-day 100 ppm in diet converted to dose using an ingestion

rate of 0.02 kg/day and estimated body weight of

0.2kg from study.

Adjustment Factors (AF)		Justification for adjustment factor		
R	1	2	3	R = 1 is AF for same order and trophic level R = 2 is AF for different order and same trophic level R = 3 is AF for different order and trophic level
I	2	2	2	Adequate numbers of animals, but variability not addressed.
Q_1	1	1	1	Endpoint ecologically relevant
Q_2	2	2	2	Subchronic duration
Q_3	2	2	2	LOAEL
U	2	2	2	No reproductive endpoints examined, but sensitive life stage evaluated
Total AF	16	32	48	$R * I * Q_1 * Q_2 * Q_3 * U - Total AF$
QCE (mg/kg-day)	10.2	10.2	10.2	QCE - quantified critical endpoint
TRV	0.638	0.319	0.213	Toxicity Reference Value - QCE/Total AF

R Value	TRV (mg/kg-day)	Justification	Appropriate Functional Group
1	0.638	Test organism is in the same order and trophic level as the functional group members	none
2	0.319	Test organism is in a different order and same trophic level from the functional group members	AV422, AV432, AV433,AV442
3	0.213	Test organism is in a different order and trophic level from the functional group members	AV121, AV122, AV132, AV142, AV143, AV210, AV210A, AV221, AV222, AV222A, AV232, AV233, AV241, AV242, AV310, AV322, AV333, AV342

^{*}Estimated as 0.0582 Wt^{0.651} (kg) as cited in EPA, 1993. Wildlife Exposure Factors Handbook.

Cobalt CAS 7440-48-4

Test Organisms:

Dog (Omnivore, Order-Carnivora)

Exposure Medium: Test Endpoint:

Diet NOAEL

Reference:

Brewer, B., 1940, "A statistical study of cobalt polycythemia in the dog," Am. J.

Physiol. 128:345-348.

Agency for Toxic Substance Disease Registry (ATSDR), 1990, Draft:

Toxicological Profile for Cobalt, October.

QCE:

5.0 mg/kg-day

Specified

Adjustment Factors (AF)			Justification for adjustment factor		
R	1	2	3	R = 1 is AF for same order and trophic level R = 2 is AF for different order and same trophic level R = 3 is AF for different order and trophic level	
I	2	2	2	Only females tested, 7 total dogs.	
Q_1	0.1	0.1	0.1	Endpoint of unknown ecological significance	
Q_2	2	2	2	Subchronic duration (4 weeks)	
Q_3	1	1	1	NOAEL	
U	3	3	3	Older study, reasonable design, no reproductive endpoints or sensitive life stage examined.	
Total AF	1.2	2.4	3.6	$R * I * Q_1 * Q_2 * Q_3 * U = Total AF$	
QCE (mg/kg-day)	5	5	5	QCE - quantified critical endpoint	
TRV	4.2	2.1	1.4	Toxicity Reference Value - QCE/Total AF	

R Value	TRV (mg/kg-day)	Justification	Appropriate Functional Group
1	4.2	Test organism is in the same order and trophic level as the functional group members	M422A
2	2.1	Test organism is in a different order and same trophic level from the functional group members	M422
3	1.4	Test organism is in a different order and trophic level from the functional group members	M121, M122, M122A, M123, M210, M210A, M222, M322

Cobalt CAS 7440-48-4

Test Organisms:

Rat (Omnivore, Order-Rodentia)

Exposure Medium: Test Endpoint:

Diet NOAEL

Reference:

Nation, J.R., Bourgeois, A.E., Clark, D.E. et al., 1983, "The effects of chronic

cobalt exposure on behavior and metallothionein levels in the adult rat,"

Neurobehav. Toxicol. and Teratology, 5:9-15.

Agency for Toxic Substance Disease Registry (ATSDR), 1990, Draft:

Toxicological Profile for Cobalt, October.

QCE:

5 mg/kg-day

Specified

Adjustment Factors (AF)		Justification for adjustment factor		
R	1	2	3	R = 1 is AF for same order and trophic level R = 2 is AF for different order and same trophic level R = 3 is AF for different order and trophic level
I	3	3	3	Small number of male rats tested (18)
Q_{l}	1	1	1	Endpoint of relevant ecological significance
Q_2	2	2	2	Subchronic duration
Q_3	1	1	1	NOAEL endpoint
U	2	2	2	Reasonable study, but sensitive life stage not examined
Total AF	12	24	36	$R * I * Q_1 * Q_2 * Q_3 * U = Total AF$
QCE (mg/kg-day)	5	5	5	QCE - quantified critical endpoint
TRV	0.42	0.21	0.14	Toxicity Reference Value - QCE/Total AF

R Value	TRV (mg/kg-day)	Justification	Appropriate Functional Group
1	0.42	Test organism is in the same order and trophic level as the functional group members	none
2	0.21	Test organism is in a different order and same trophic level from the functional group members	M422, M422A
3	0.14	Test organism is in a different order and trophic level from the functional group members	M121, M122, M122A, M132, M210, M210A, M222, M322